

ANNUAL PHYSICAL SCREENING FORM

Screening results must be from an Annual Physical that occurred between February 1, 2017 - January 31, 2018 This form must be received by January 31, 2018

Last Name	(please print clearly):	First N	lame (please print clearly	y):
Date of Bir	rth:/	Cir	cle one: Male or Fema	ıle
Home Pho	ne:	Phy	ysical for (circle one):	Employee or Spouse
Spirit ID: _	Spirit Hea	th Insurance ID Number	Last	4 digits of EE SSN:
2017 – Janua voluntary and spouse's) Lif	ary 31, 2018. I understand that nd that in providing this information	ny participation in this wellness in the timeframe specified abov or the 2018-2019 Plan Year. I as	s program, including the su e, I will have completed one uthorize the wellness progra	which occurred between the dates of Feb 1 abmission of this data, is completely e of the required activities for my (or my am to communicate orally or in writing to the
orogram par participation and Mercer employees. I employees. E without my w	ticipation. I also understand tha to affect my (or my spouse's) emp Consulting only for the purpose of also understand that my informatice for these types of usage are	t Spirit, as my (or my spouse' bloyment in any way. However, of performing group statistical ation may be entered into my nd the uses specified in my Hea y, I agree that my Health Care	s) employer, is prohibited to understand that my inform analysis by the aforement the Health Risk Assessment conservider may communicate the servider may communicate the service that t	ly to identify my information and track refrom using information gathered through renation may be disclosed to Via Christi, Ralioned firms, their respective agents, and the results by Rally, their respective agents agent, no other uses or disclosures will be made the results of the annual physical examellness program.
agents and Rally, and Memployee nuservices to note that the desired and the de	employees, and that any biome ercer Consulting respects and pro imber and these screening resul- ne, which includes using the info aggregate data to Spirit. Rally will with applicable law or valid legal p	etric screening results will remand otects my privacy. My personal ts, will only be used by Via Commation to inform me of releval not otherwise disclose any infor	ain confidential as set forth ly identifiable information, i hristi, Rally, and Mercer C nt health improvement prog	Spirit Benefits Department, their respective in this consent. I understand that Via Christincluding my name, my (or my spouse? Consulting for providing health managemearms offered by Rally. Rally may only provited party except to the extent authorized by respectively.
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Employee/S	Spouse Signature:			Date:
spouses) hav	t will utilize this information as se	c annual physical examination of the employee (or his/her spo	n. Healthy Spirit is not requouse) aside from the speci	
	Screening Exam	Your Results	Desirable	
	Height – feet			
	Height – inches			
	Weight – pounds			
	Waist Measurement		11 1 100 110	
	Systolic Blood Pressure		Under 120 mm HG	
	Diastolic Blood Pressure		Under 80 mm HG	
	Total Cholesterol		Less than 200 mg/dL	
	HDL Cholesterol		Greater than 40 mg/dL Less than or equal to 14	10 mg/dl (non-fasting)
	Glucose		Less than or equal to 10	
Health Care	Provider Signature (reqd):			Oate:
Office Stre	et Address, including City a	and State		
_	- ,			
	This form mu	ıst be faxed, or postmarked and mai Via Christi Occupati % Arthur Jor	onal Health	31/2018.

2535 E. Lincoln Wichita, KS 67211 Fax #: 316-689-6957

Please keep a copy of this completed form for your records.

Your Cholesterol.

It is important to know your blood cholesterol level, as high cholesterol is a risk factor for heart disease. Cholesterol is a waxy substance that occurs naturally in all parts of the body and is required for normal functioning. Cholesterol is present in cell walls or membranes, including the brain, nerves, muscle, skin, liver, intestines and heart.

Your body produces all the cholesterol it needs. Over time, too much cholesterol can build up in the walls of your arteries. This causes "hardening of the arteries," and decreases the size of the opening through which blood flows. Blood carries oxygen to the heart. When the arteries that carry blood to your heart muscle become clogged, your heart doesn't get the oxygen it needs. This can result in a heart attack or coronary heart disease (CHD).

The good news is that you can lower your cholesterol and risk of heart disease by changing your eating habits (all animal products contain cholesterol but plant products do NOT contain cholesterol), becoming more physically active, quitting tobacco use and managing your stress.

Your HDL Cholesterol.

High Density Lipoprotein (HDL) is called "good" cholesterol. HDL carries cholesterol in the blood from other parts of the body back to the liver, which leads to its removal from the body. HDL helps keep cholesterol from building up in the walls of the arteries. If your level of HDL cholesterol is below 40 mg/dL, you are at substantially higher risk for heart disease. The higher your HDL cholesterol, the lower risk you have of heart disease.

Your Blood Pressure.

The heart pumps to move blood through the body. Blood travels from the heart through blood vessels called arteries. Blood pressure is a measure of how hard the blood pushes against the artery walls as it moves through the body. If your blood pressure is high, your heart has to work harder to move blood.

Blood pressure increases and decreases normally with daily activities. High blood pressure, or hypertension, occurs when your blood pressure becomes too high and stays there. High blood pressure is sometimes called the "silent killer" because it has no clear signs or symptoms — a person can have it and not know it. High blood pressure doesn't make you feel dizzy or nervous but can cause heart disease, kidney disease and stroke. The higher your blood pressure, the higher your risk. That's why you should have your blood pressure checked regularly.

There are some risk factors for high blood pressure that you can't control, such as your family history, age, race and gender. However, you can control your eating habits by limiting foods high in salt and saturated fat, your physical activity level, your weight, tobacco use and stress level.

Your Systolic and Diastolic Blood Pressure.

Blood pressure is recorded as two numbers. Systolic pressure is the force of blood in the arteries as the heart beats. It is shown as the top number in a blood pressure reading. Diastolic pressure is the force of blood in the arteries as the heart relaxes between beats. It's shown as the bottom number in a blood pressure reading. If either of these numbers is too high for two or three separate readings, you may be told that you have high blood pressure.

The diastolic blood pressure is an important measure of high blood pressure (hypertension), especially for younger people. As you become older, your diastolic pressure will begin to decrease and your systolic blood pressure will begin to increase and become more important. A rise in diastolic or systolic blood pressure increases your risk for heart attacks, strokes and kidney failure.

Your Glucose

Diabetes is a disease in which the body does not produce or properly use insulin. Insulin is a hormone that is needed to convert sugar, starches and other food into energy needed for daily life. During digestion, the body normally breaks down food into a form of simple sugar, called glucose. Any unused glucose circulates in the bloodstream and is stored as fat, resulting in obesity.

Approximately 20 million Americans have diabetes, and one in three does not know it! If not managed properly, diabetes can damage the eyes, kidneys, heart and circulation in the hands and feet, which can be life threatening. There are some uncontrollable risk factors for diabetes, such as family history, race, gender and age. The best way to avoid developing diabetes is to lead a healthy lifestyle and avoid the risk factors you can control, such as obesity and lack of physical activity.

Resources for You.

www.nhlbi.nih.gov www.nutrition.gov www.ymcawichita.org www.fitness.gov www.diabetes.org www.cdc.gov/tobacco www.healthfinder.gov